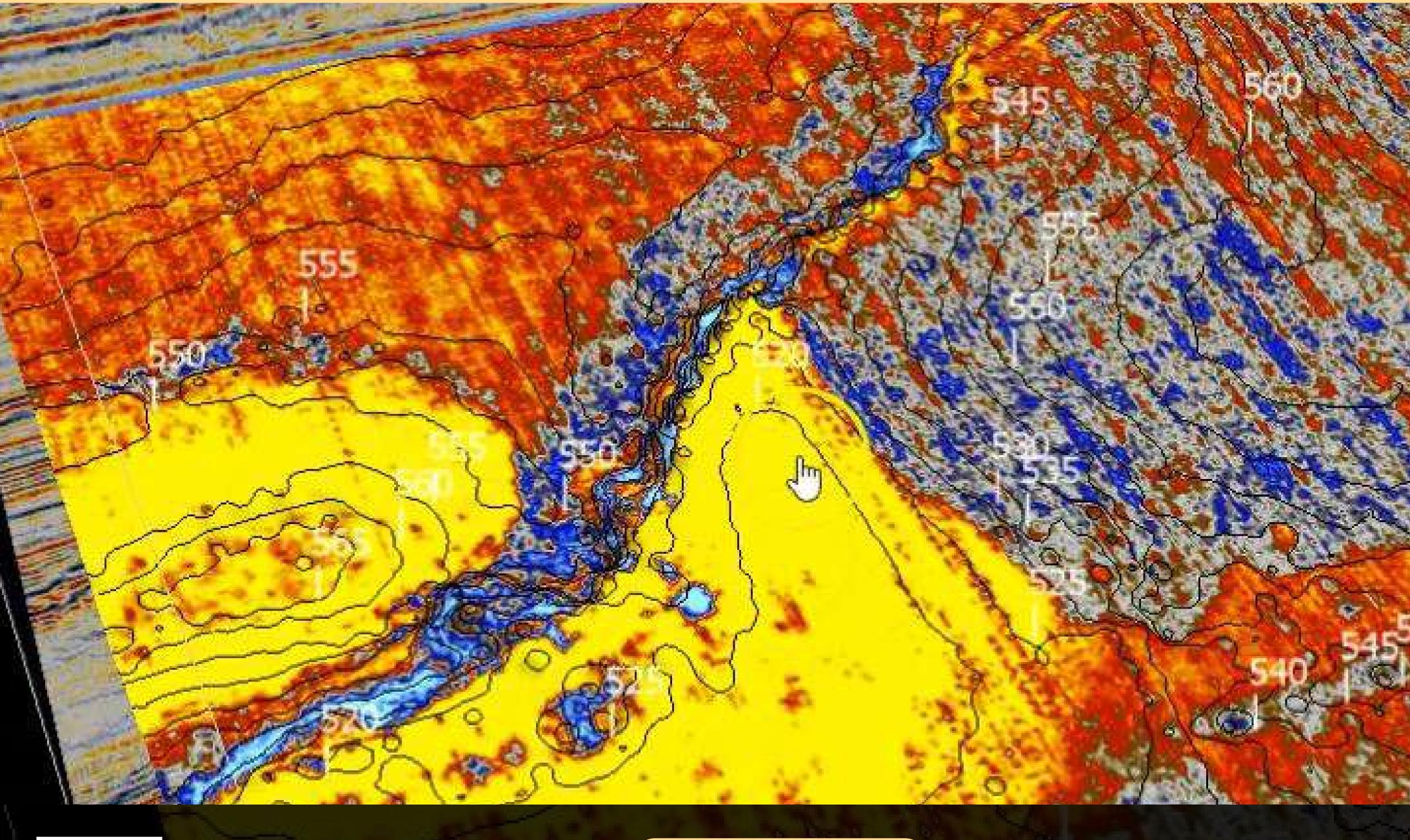




# 5 Days Online Practical Training on Seismic Interpretation Using OpendTect

**GIL MACHADO** 

Technical Director at Chronosurveys





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# COURSE OBJECTIVES

The Main Objective of this Course is to Prepare Geologists, Geology Engineers and Other Professionals and Students for the Use of Seismic Data in Their Activity, Particularly in the Oil Industry. Several Examples of Tools, Test Data and Interpretation Techniques Will Be Given That Will Enable Participants to Continue Their Training During and After the Course.

During the Course and in an Organized and Systematic Manner, We Aim to Achieve Several Objectives That are Briefly Presented:

- General Understanding of Seismic Data Acquisition Methods
- Understand Other Data Sources Used in Conjunction With Seismic
- Understand Seismic Data Processing
- View Seismic Data and Know How It Can Be Adapted
- Know the Various Software Programs
- Know the Various Types of Data and Licenses
- Map Geological Faults
- Identify Structure Types and Geodynamic Environments
- **Build Simple Structural Models**
- Map 2D and 3D Horizons
- Use Seismic Attributes to Identify Sedimentary Macrostructures
- **Identify Seismic Facies**
- Build Wheeler Diagrams
- Interpret Sequence Stratigraphy in a Generic Way
- Know the Elements and Processes of the Petroleum System
- Map Hydrocarbon Accumulations
- Quantify a Hydrocarbon Accumulation
- Determine the Risk Associated With a Hydrocarbon Accumulation



SCAN TO JOIN PEA COMMUNITY

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# CONTENTS DAY1

- Introduction
- History of Seismic Studies
- The Seismic Method

**Rock Properties** 

Wave Propagation, Reflection, and Refraction of Seismic Waves,

Reflectivity, Impedance

Data Acquisition - Land and Marine

Other Geophysical Methods

Gravimetry

Magnetics

**Electro Magnetics** 

Seismic Data Processing Overview

Conventional Pre-stack Processing and Cmp Gathers

Post-stack Processing

Seismic Migration, Velocity Models.

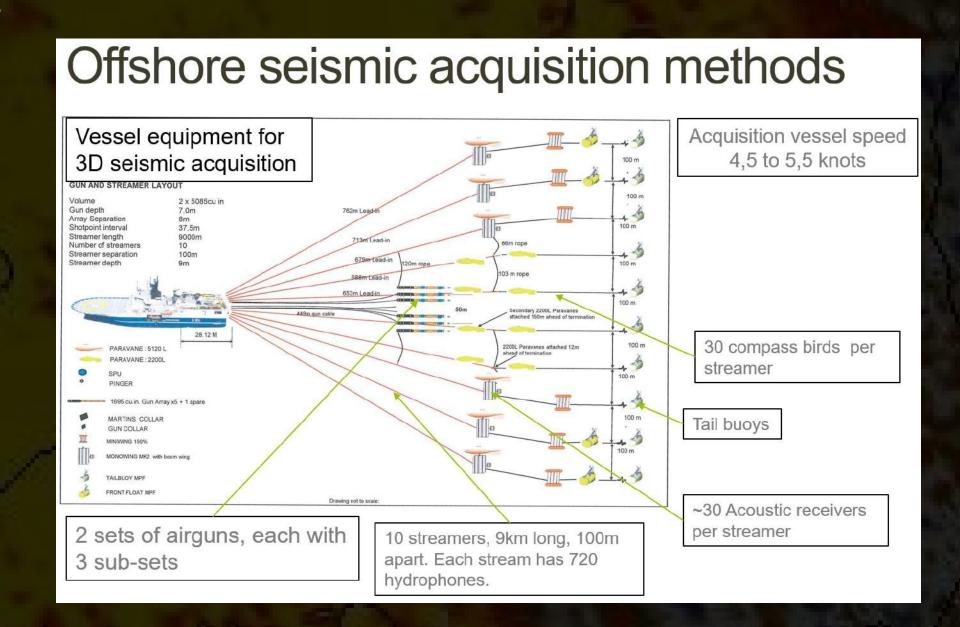
Calibration Methods (Well-tie)

**Velocity Surveys** 

Sonic Logs

Synthetic Seismograms

Vertical Seismic Profiles





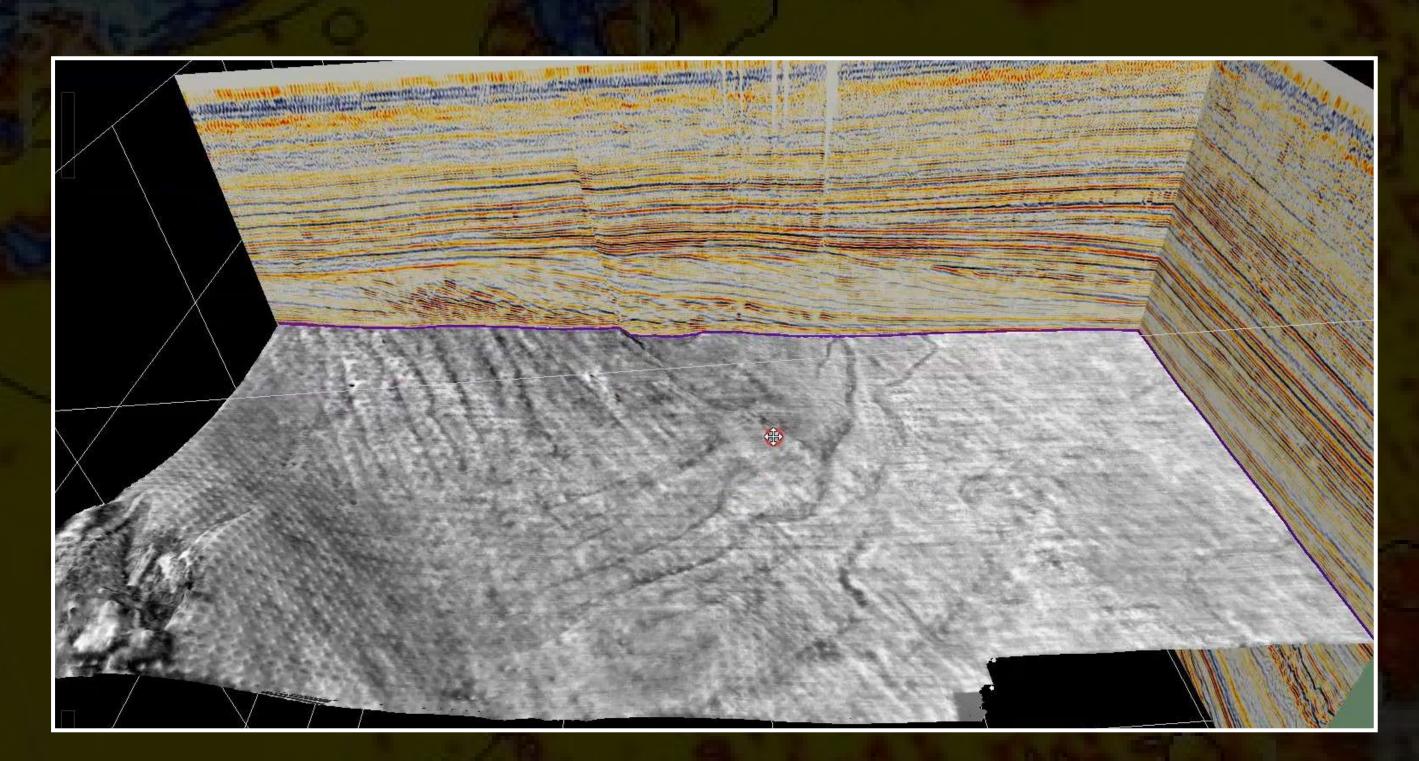






# DAY 2

- 2D and 3D Seismic Data
   Parameters, Visualization, Polarity
   Seismic Data Libraries, Public, Private and Licenses
   Software
- 2D and 3D Interpretation Techniques
   Hard and Soft Events
   Vertical Exaggeration
   Horizontal and Vertical Slicing in 3D Data
   Seismic Horizons Stratal Interface, Fluid Contacts and Non-geological Horizons
- Quantitative Interpretation Geophysics
   Acoustic Impedance and Inversion
   AVO and Pseudo-gradient
   RMS Amplitude
   Spectral Decomposition
   Other Methods





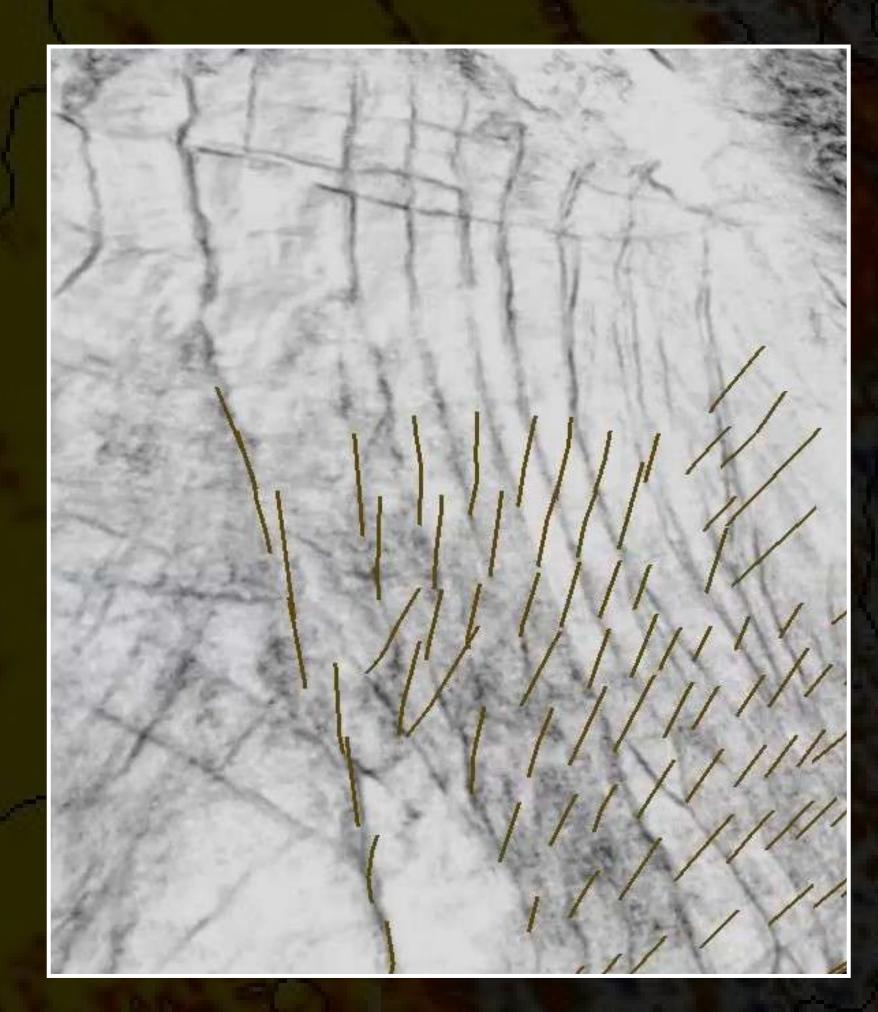






# DAY 3

- Fault interpretation
   Introduction to Fault Interpretation
   Structural Styles
  - Rift Basins
  - **Compressional Domains**
  - Salt Tectonics
  - Strike-slip Faults
- Mapping Faults in 2D Data
  - Faults in Each Seismic Line
  - Connecting Faults From Different Seismic Lines
  - Building Fault Planes
- Mapping Faults in 3D Data
  - Mapping Faults in Vertical and Horizontal Slices
  - **Building Fault Planes**
- Structural Models
  - Building a Structural Model
  - Visualization
  - Geometry, Kinetics, Geodynamics
  - Palinspastic Reconstructions

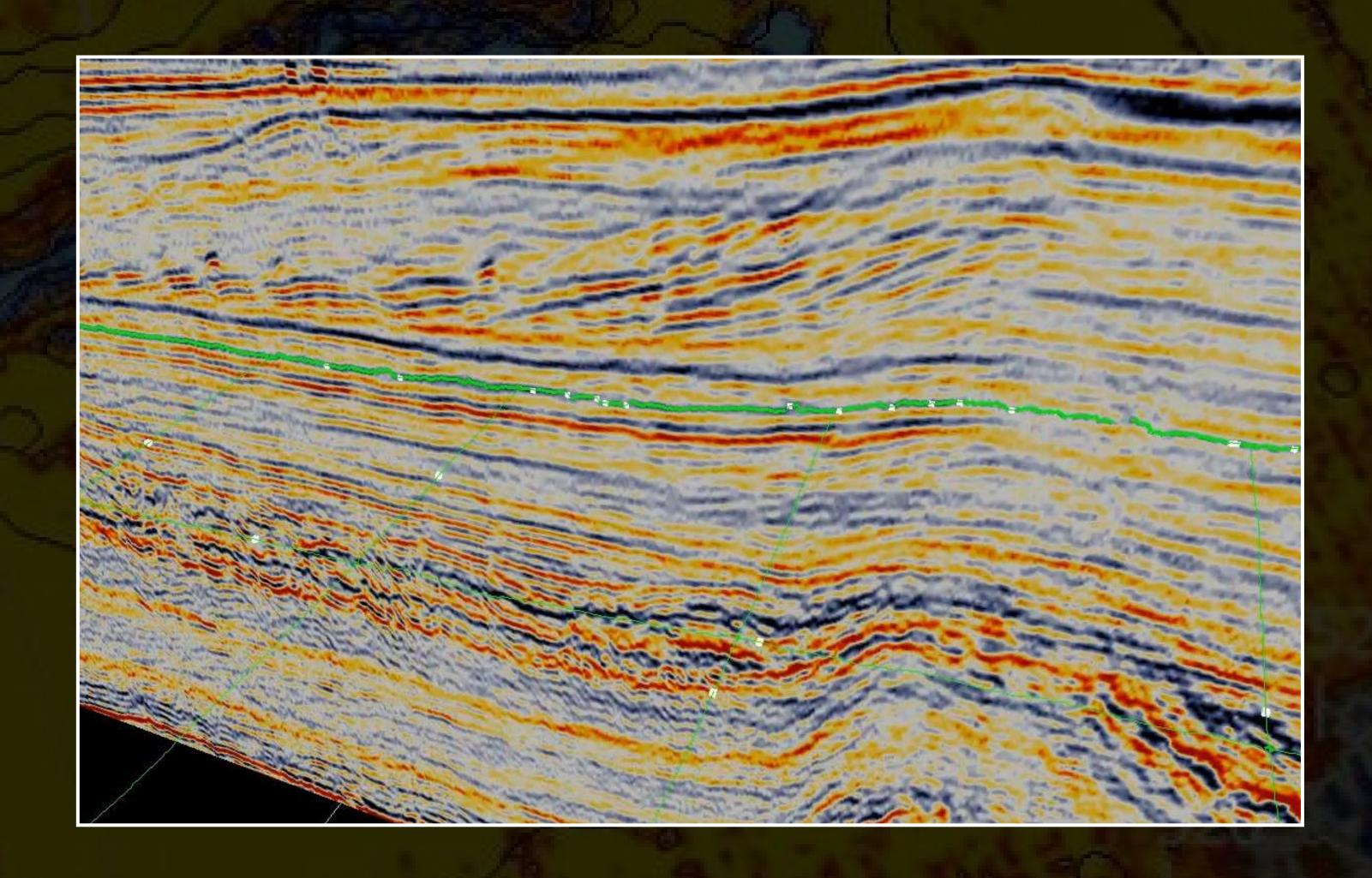






# DAY 4

- Stratigraphic Interpretation
   Horizon Interpretation Techniques
   Horizon Attributes
   Continuity and Lateral Variations
   Unconformities and Stratal Terminations
- Seismic Facies
   Carbonate Systems Seismic Facies
   Siliciclastic Systems Seismic Facies
   Gross Depositional Environments
- Advanced Stratigraphic Interpretation
   Wheeler Diagrams
   Seismic Sequence Stratigraphy











# DAY 5

The Petroleum System Elements and Processes

Reservoir

Seal

Source Rock

Trap

Timing and Migration

Mapping Hydrocarbon Accumulations
 Structural Traps
 Stratigraphic Traps

Mixed Traps

Volumetrics

Leads, Prospects, Reserves, Resources
Volumetric Calculation Methods

P10, P50, P90 and Mean

Risking

Risking Methods and Software

**Evaluation of Cos, Pos** 

Incorporation of Geological Risk Into Economic Evaluations

